



<http://www.silfs.it/>

IL CONSIGLIO DIRETTIVO

## COME INDIVIDUARE IL QUARTILE DI UNA RIVISTA INDICIZZATA DA “ISI WEB OF SCIENCE” O DA “SCOPUS” (“SCIMAGO JOURNAL AND COUNTRY RANK” - SJR)

V. 1.0 [DICEMBRE 2017]

### A. COME INDIVIDUARE IL QUARTILE DI UNA RIVISTA INDICIZZATA DA “ISI WEB OF SCIENCE”

1) Accedere<sup>1</sup> al sito [www.webofknowledge.com](http://www.webofknowledge.com)

The screenshot shows the Web of Science search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the 'WEB OF SCIENCE' logo and the Thomson Reuters logo. Below this is a search bar with the text 'Example: oil spill\* mediterranean' and a 'Search' button. There are also links for 'Add Another Field' and 'Reset Form'. Below the search bar, there are filters for 'TIMESPAN' with options for 'All years', 'From 1950 to 2015', and a 'MORE SETTINGS' link.

<sup>1</sup> L'accesso è riservato ai Centri di ricerca e alle Università che abbiano stipulato gli opportuni contratti con le ditte (Thomson Reuters e Elsevier), che erogano tali servizi. Pertanto, è possibile accedere a questi dati solo attraverso apparecchi dotati di un numero IP appartenente al “range” dei numeri IP attribuiti al Centro di ricerca o Università che abbia stipulato tale(i) contratto(i). L'attribuzione di questo numero IP può avvenire anche in remoto (per esempio da casa), tramite un'opportuna applicazione. Per maggiori informazioni, rivolgersi al servizio Reti del proprio Ateneo o Centro di ricerca.

2) Cliccare su “Journal Citation Reports”:

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the Web of Science platform. The 'Journal Citation Reports' tab is selected and highlighted with an orange arrow. Below the navigation bar, the 'Web of Science' logo is visible. The search area includes a dropdown menu for 'Select a database' set to 'Web of Science Core Collection'. The search type is 'Basic Search'. The search input field contains the text 'Example: oil spill\* mediterranean' and a 'Search' button is present.

3) Digitare il nome completo della rivista (esempio: PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE) nell'apposito campo “Go to Journal Profile”:

The screenshot shows the 'InCites Journal Citation Reports' interface. The 'Go to Journal Profile' field contains the text 'PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE' and is highlighted with an orange arrow. Below this, there are options for 'Compare Journals', 'View Title Changes', and 'Select Journals'. The main content area is titled 'Journals By Rank' and 'Categories By Rank'. It features a table of 'Journal Titles Ranked by Impact Factor' with the following data:

	Full Journal Title	Total Cites	Journal Impact Factor	Eigenfactor Score
1	CA-A CANCER JOURNAL FOR CLINICIANS	24,539	187.040	0.06452

4) Cliccare sul bottone "Rank":

InCites Journal Citation Reports
Clarivate Analytics

Home **Journal Profile**

## PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE

ISSN: 0031-8248  
UNIV CHICAGO PRESS  
1427 E 60TH ST, CHICAGO, IL 60637-2954  
USA

[Go to Journal Table of Contents](#)    [Go to Ulrich's](#)

**Titles**  
ISO: Philos. Sci.  
JCR Abbrev: PHILOS SCI

**Categories**  
HISTORY & PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE - SSCI

**Languages**  
ENGLISH  
5 Issues/Year;

Key Indicators

Year ▾	Total Cites <a href="#">Graph</a>	Journal Impact Factor <a href="#">Graph</a>	Impact Factor Without Journal Self Cites <a href="#">Graph</a>	5 Year Impact Factor <a href="#">Graph</a>	Immediacy Index <a href="#">Graph</a>	Citable Items <a href="#">Graph</a>	Cited Half-Life <a href="#">Graph</a>	Citing Half-Life <a href="#">Graph</a>	Eigenfactor Score <a href="#">Graph</a>	Article Influence Score <a href="#">Graph</a>	% Articles in Citable Items <a href="#">Graph</a>	Normalized Eigenfactor <a href="#">Graph</a>	Average JIF Percentile <a href="#">Graph</a>
2016	2,257	0.921	0.776	1.147	0.145	69	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.432	100.00	0.26...	79.015
2015	2,341	1.128	0.918	1.314	0.160	81	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.546	100.00	0.33...	87.197
2014	2,015	0.833	0.659	0.828	0.042	71	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.310	100.00	0.19...	79.621
2013	2,142	0.667	0.534	1.061	0.156	77	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.400	100.00	0.25...	70.982
2012	1,593	0.649	0.556	0.784	0.213	61	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.351	100.00	Not ...	66.011
2011	1,602	0.552	0.410	0.792	0.072	83	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.361	98.80	Not ...	62.321
2010	1,648	0.602	0.496	0.931	0.044	68	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.280	100.00	Not ...	60.583
2009	1,998	0.562	0.476	0.898	0.015	66	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.288	96.97	Not ...	58.413
2008	1,137	0.485	0.415	0.574	0.091	22	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.241	100.00	Not ...	60.347
2007	1,064	0.364	0.181	0.702	0.087	23	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.205	100.00	Not ...	45.200
2006	846	0.377	0.367	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	45.893
2005	926	0.406	0.228	Not ...	0.304	23	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	59.458
2004	923	0.562	0.431	Not ...	0.179	28	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	96.43	Not ...	81.221
2003	636	0.496	0.426	Not ...	0.047	43	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	93.02	Not ...	64.983
2002	620	0.510	0.346	Not ...	0.111	63	>10.0	9.9	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	71.935
2001	664	0.447	0.263	Not ...	0.091	66	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	68.698

**Source Data**

Rank

Journal Source Data
i

	Citable Items	Other (O)	Percentage

5) Indicare il Quartile del 2016:

Key Indicators													
Year	Total Cites	Journal Impact Factor	Impact Factor Without Journal Self Cites	5 Year Impact Factor	Immediacy Index	Citable Items	Cited Half-Life	Citing Half-Life	Eigenfactor Score	Article Influence Score	% Articles in Citable Items	Normalized Eigenfactor	Average JIF Percentile
	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>	<a href="#">Graph</a>
2016	2,257	0.921	0.776	1.147	0.145	69	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.432	100.00	0.26...	79.015
2015	2,341	1.128	0.918	1.314	0.160	81	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.546	100.00	0.33...	87.197
2014	2,015	0.833	0.659	0.828	0.042	71	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.310	100.00	0.19...	79.621
2013	2,142	0.667	0.534	1.061	0.156	77	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.400	100.00	0.25...	70.982
2012	1,593	0.649	0.556	0.784	0.213	61	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.351	100.00	Not ...	66.011
2011	1,602	0.552	0.410	0.792	0.072	83	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.361	98.80	Not ...	62.321
2010	1,648	0.602	0.496	0.931	0.044	68	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.280	100.00	Not ...	60.583
2009	1,998	0.562	0.476	0.898	0.015	66	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.288	96.97	Not ...	58.413
2008	1,137	0.485	0.415	0.574	0.091	22	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.241	100.00	Not ...	60.347
2007	1,064	0.364	0.181	0.702	0.087	23	>10.0	>10.0	0.00...	0.205	100.00	Not ...	45.200
2006	846	0.377	0.367	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	Not ...	45.893
2005	926	0.406	0.228	Not ...	0.304	23	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	59.458
2004	923	0.562	0.431	Not ...	0.179	28	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	96.43	Not ...	81.221
2003	636	0.496	0.426	Not ...	0.047	43	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	93.02	Not ...	64.983
2002	620	0.510	0.346	Not ...	0.111	63	>10.0	9.9	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	71.935
2001	664	0.447	0.263	Not ...	0.091	66	>10.0	>10.0	Not ...	Not ...	100.00	Not ...	68.698

Source Data

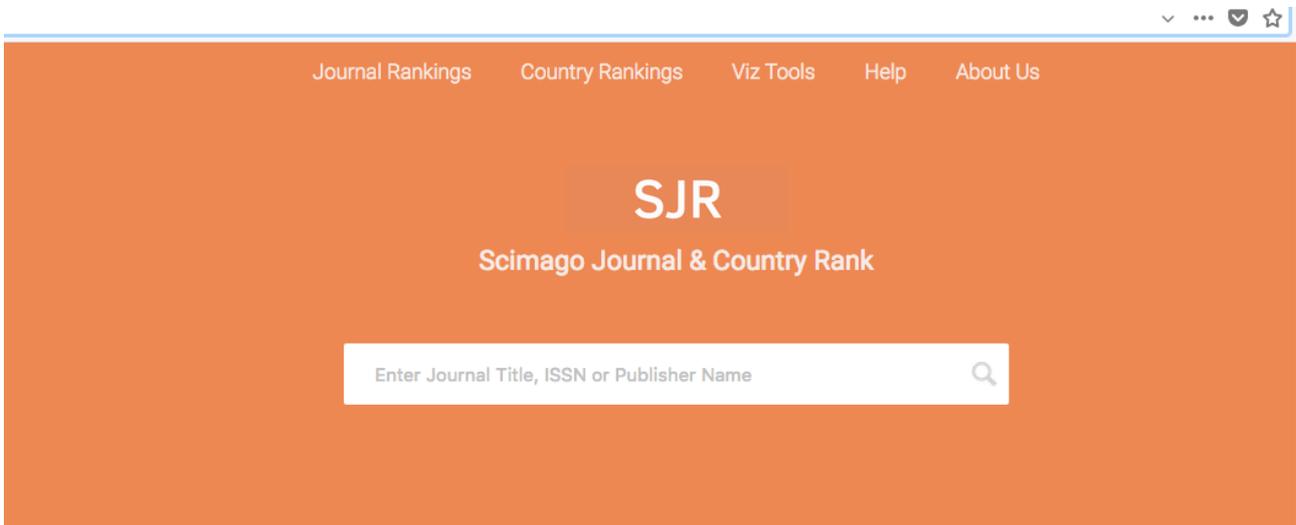
JCR Impact Factor		HISTORY & PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE		
JCR Year	Rank	Quartile	JIF Percentile	
2016	12/44	Q2	73.864	
2015	7/44	Q1	85.227	
2014	10/44	Q1	78.409	
2013	14/42	Q2	67.857	
2012	16/41	Q2	62.195	
2011	16/40	Q2	61.250	
2010	17/36	Q2	54.167	
2009	16/35	Q2	55.714	
2008	12/32	Q2	60.038	

In questo caso il quartile è Q2

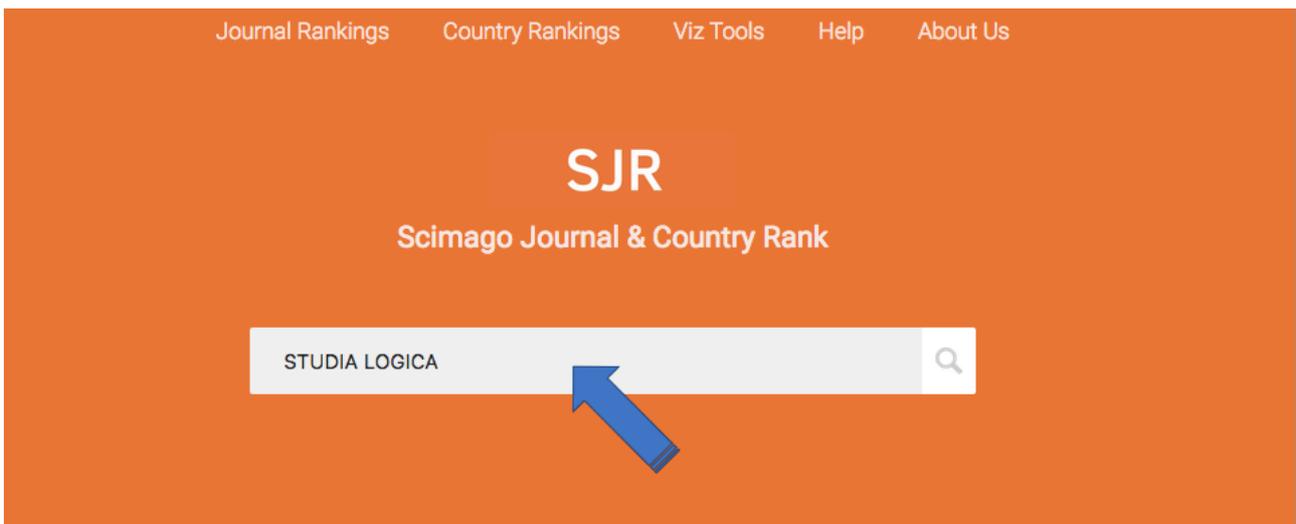
N.B. Nel caso in cui la rivista appartenesse a più di un'area scientifica, indicare il quartile più favorevole. Per esempio, se la rivista avesse quartile Q1 in un'area e Q2 in un'altra area, scegliere Q1.

## B. COME INDIVIDUARE IL QUARTILE DI UNA RIVISTA INDICIZZATA DA “SCOPUS” (SJR)

1) Accedere a <http://www.scimagojr.com/>



2) Digitare il nome completo della rivista (esempio: STUDIA LOGICA) nel campo “Enter Journal Title, ISSN or Publisher Name”:

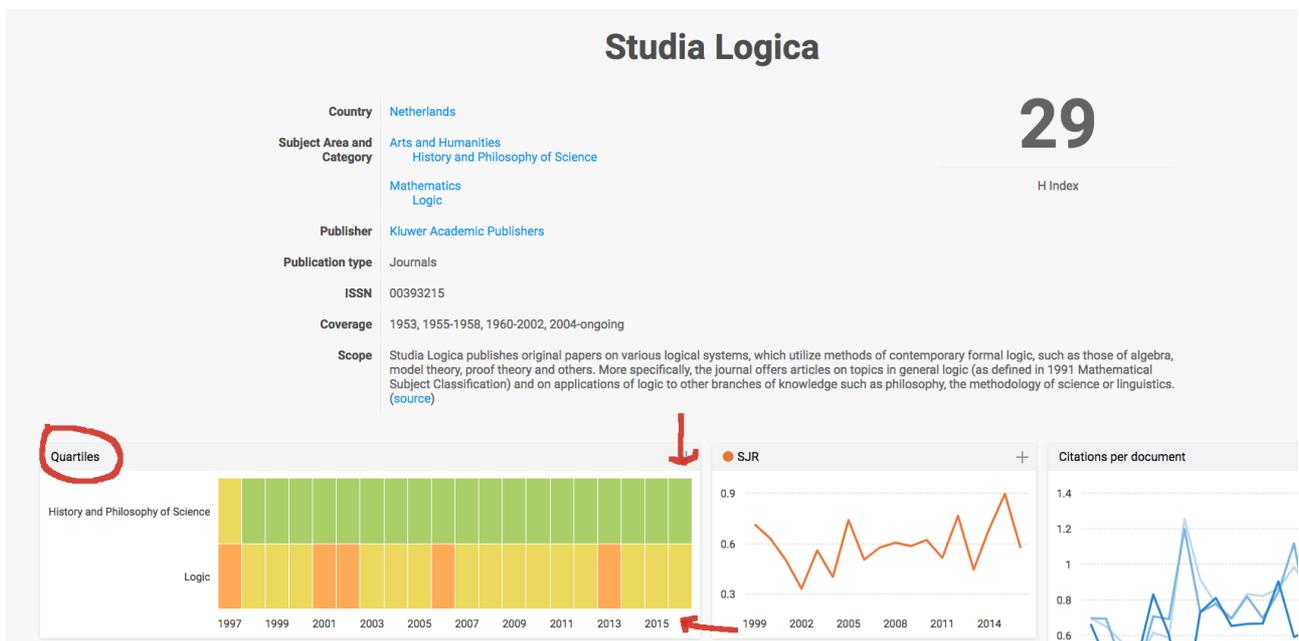


### 3) Cliccare sul nome della rivista ricercata

The screenshot shows a search interface with a navigation bar at the top containing links for Home, Journal Rankings, Country Rankings, Viz Tools, Help, and About Us. A search bar contains the text 'studia logica'. Below the search bar, a search result is displayed for 'Studia Logica', indicating it is from the Netherlands and published by Kluwer Academic Publishers. A blue arrow points to the journal name.

- 4) Portarsi sul campo “*Quartile*” e, con il mouse, portarsi sulla colonna che indica l’anno 2016. Poiché “*Studia Logica*” è indicizzata sia nell’area “*History and Philosophy of Science*” sia nell’area “*Logic*”, appariranno due valori per il quartile. In questo caso:  
“*History and Philosophy of Science*”: Q1  
“*Logic*”: Q2

Scegliere quello con valore più favorevole (Q1).



# Studia Logica

**Country** Netherlands

**Subject Area and Category** Arts and Humanities  
History and Philosophy of Science

Mathematics  
Logic

**Publisher** Kluwer Academic Publishers

**Publication type** Journals

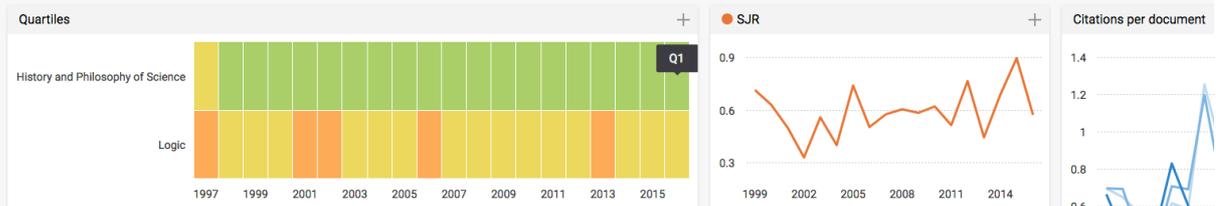
**ISSN** 00393215

**Coverage** 1953, 1955-1958, 1960-2002, 2004-ongoing

**Scope** Studia Logica publishes original papers on various logical systems, which utilize methods of contemporary formal logic, such as those of algebra, model theory, proof theory and others. More specifically, the journal offers articles on topics in general logic (as defined in 1991 Mathematical Subject Classification) and on applications of logic to other branches of knowledge such as philosophy, the methodology of science or linguistics. [\(source\)](#)

# 29

H Index



Quartile di "Studia Logica" nell'area "History and Philosophy of Science"

# Studia Logica

**Country** Netherlands

**Subject Area and Category** Arts and Humanities  
History and Philosophy of Science

Mathematics  
Logic

**Publisher** Kluwer Academic Publishers

**Publication type** Journals

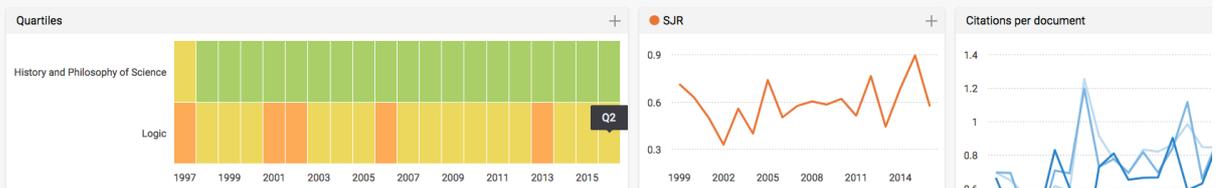
**ISSN** 00393215

**Coverage** 1953, 1955-1958, 1960-2002, 2004-ongoing

**Scope** Studia Logica publishes original papers on various logical systems, which utilize methods of contemporary formal logic, such as those of algebra, model theory, proof theory and others. More specifically, the journal offers articles on topics in general logic (as defined in 1991 Mathematical Subject Classification) and on applications of logic to other branches of knowledge such as philosophy, the methodology of science or linguistics. [\(source\)](#)

# 29

H Index



Quartile di "Studia Logica" nell'area "Logic"